INDICATORS OF THE LABOUR FORCE (EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT) 2020
In 2020 the unemployment rate in Georgia increased by 0.9 percentage points compared to 2019 and amounted to 18.5 percent.

The chart below presents the unemployment rate by 2010-2020 years.
In 2020 labour force (economically active population) constituted 50.5 percent of the working age population (population aged 15 and older). The Labour force participation rate (economic activity rate) declined 1.3 percentage points, while employment rate by 1.5 percentage points compared to the previous year. The Labour force participation rate (economic activity rate) in urban settlements decreased by 0.3 percentage points and by 2.6 percentage points in rural settlements compared to the previous year. The employment rate in urban settlements as well as in rural areas decreased by 1.3 and 1.8 percentage points respectively.

The chart below presents the labour force participation rate (economic activity rate) and employment rates by 2010-2020 years.
In 2020, the share of hired employees was 68.1 percent among employed persons that decreased by 1.2 percentage points compared to the previous year.

The chart below presents the distribution of employed by status in employment by 2010-2020 years.
In 2020, the unemployment rate in urban settlements increased by 2.0 percentage points compared to the previous year, while in rural settlements that decreased by 0.9 percentage point.

The chart below presents the unemployment rate by urban-rural areas by 2010-2020 years.
In 2020, compared to the previous year the unemployment rate increased in Tbilisi, Kvemo Kartli and Adjara regions by 3.8, 2.8 and 1.1 percentage points, respectively. The indicator remained unchanged in Samegrelo-Zemo Svaneti region, while the unemployment rate declined in the rest regions.

The chart below presents the change of unemployment rate in 2020 compared to 2019 by regions.

CHANGES OF UNEMPLOYMENT RATE IN REGIONS
IN 2020 IN COMPARISON WITH 2019
(PERCENTAGE POINT)
Traditionally, the unemployment rate is higher for men than for women. In 2020, compared to the previous year this indicator increased for women by 0.2 percentage points, while it increased by 1.3 percentage points for men.

The chart below presents the unemployment rate by sex for 2010-2020 years.

![Chart](chart6.png)
The labour force participation rate (activity rate) is higher for men than for women. In 2020 the indicator for women was 40.4 percent and for men – 62.0 percent. The labour force participation rate (activity rate) for women decreased by 2.7, while that increased by 0.3 percentage points for men, compared to the previous year.

The chart below presents the labor force participation rate (economic activity rate) by sex for 2010-2020 years.
In 2020 the employment rate for women as well as for men decreased by 2.3 and 0.6 percentage points, respectively compared to the previous year.

The chart below presents the employment rate by sex for 2010-2020 years.
In 2020, the highest rate of unemployment is in the age group of 15-19 years (43.9 percent), while this indicator is traditionally the lowest in the 65+ age group (7.3 percent) that is mainly caused by the low rate of labour force participation in this age group.

The chart below presents the unemployment rate by age groups in 2020 year.

**UNEMPLOYMENT RATE BY AGE GROUPS**

(%)